

CHARLES CITY, IOWA LABORSHED AREA

A STUDY IN LABOR AVAILABILITY AND WORKFORCE CHARACTERISTICS
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

WWW.IOWALMI.GOV/LABORSHED

RELEASED
2019

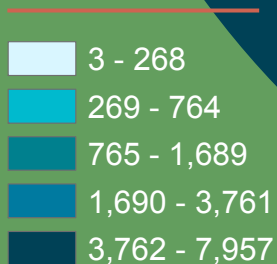
ESTIMATED POPULATION
AGES 18-64

248,748

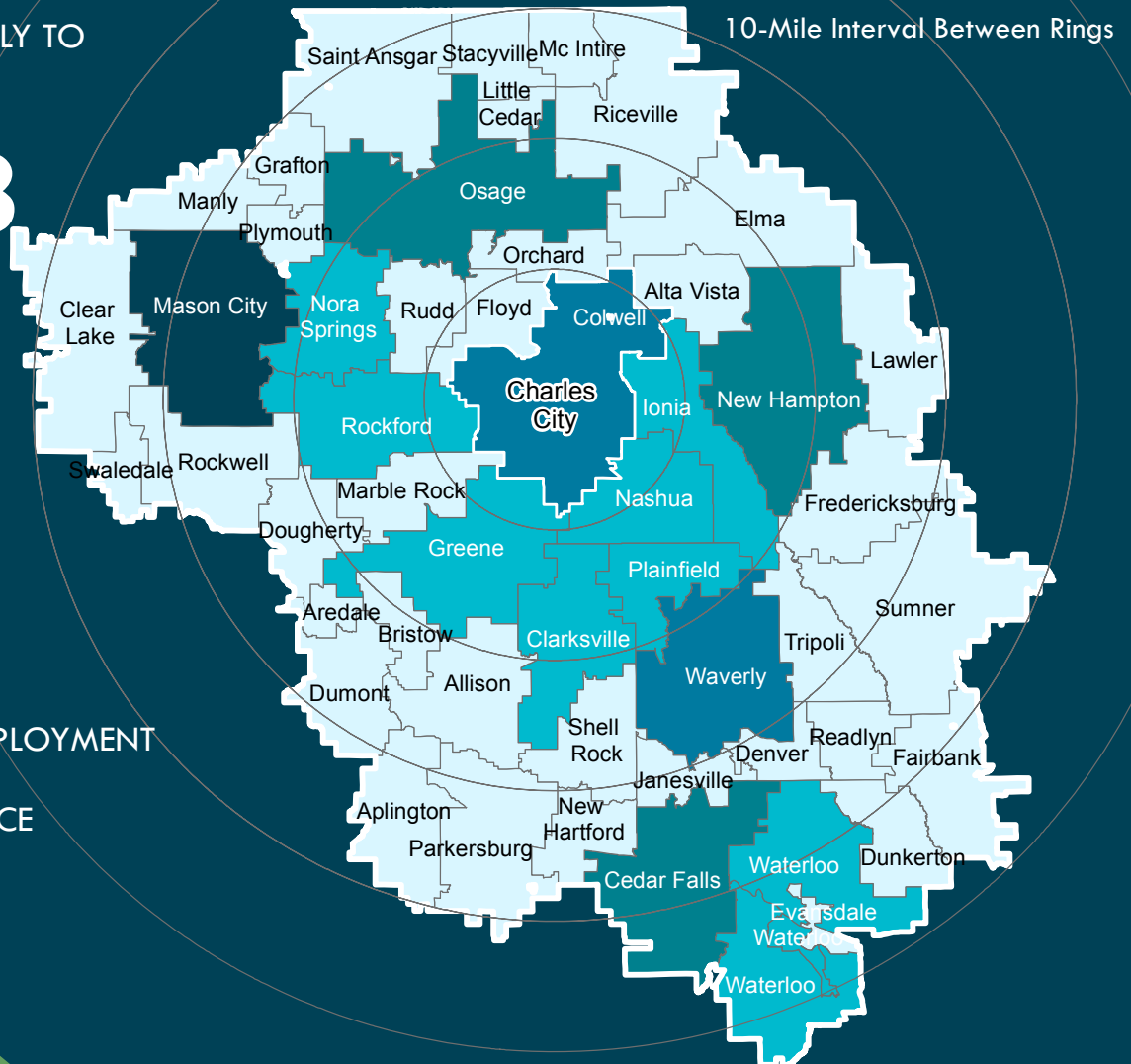
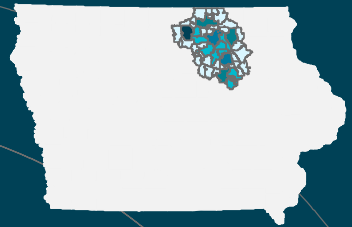
ESTIMATED TOTAL LIKELY TO
ACCEPT EMPLOYMENT
IN CHARLES CITY, IA

26,933

LIKELY TO
CHANGE/ACCEPT EMPLOYMENT
IN CHARLES CITY, IA
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
(PER ZIP CODE)

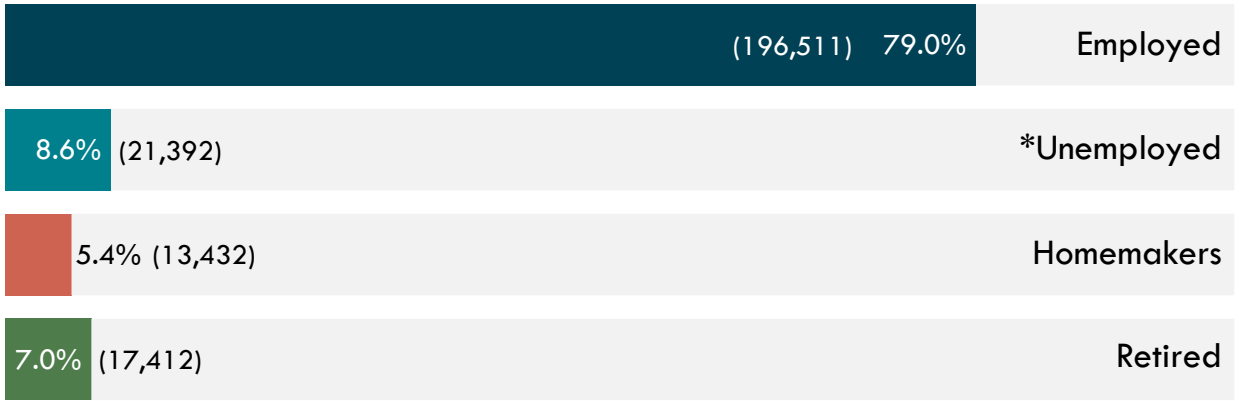


AREA SHOWN



CHARLES CITY LABORSHED ANALYSIS

EMPLOYMENT STATUS (ESTIMATED TOTAL)*

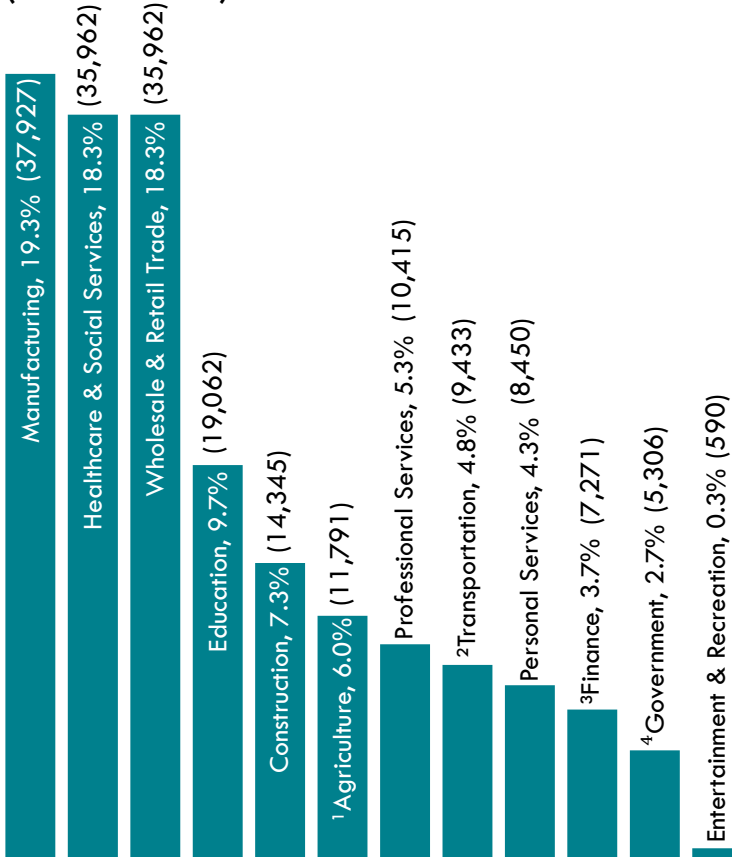


Totals may vary due to rounding.

*Employment status is self-identified by the survey respondent. The unemployment percentage above does not reflect the unemployment rate published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, which applies a stricter definition.



BREAKOUT OF THE EMPLOYED BY INDUSTRY (ESTIMATED TOTAL)



Totals may vary due to rounding.

¹Agriculture, Forestry, & Mining
³Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate

²Transportation, Communications, & Utilities
⁴Public Administration, Government

TOP CURRENT BENEFITS OF THE FULL-TIME EMPLOYED

	Health/Medical Insurance	87.7%
	Pension/Retirement/401K	85.1%
	Dental Coverage	73.6%
	Life Insurance	73.6%
	Paid Holidays	72.8%
	Paid Vacation	71.9%
	Disability Insurance	71.1%
	Vision Coverage	63.4%
	Prescription Drug Coverage	56.6%
	Paid Sick Leave	53.6%

A Laborshed area is defined by its commuting pattern and illustrates which communities contribute to an employment center's workforce and at what level. To determine the boundaries of a Laborshed area, local employers supply the residential ZIP codes of each of their employees. The data in this publication reflects characteristics specific to the workforce in the Charles City Laborshed area.

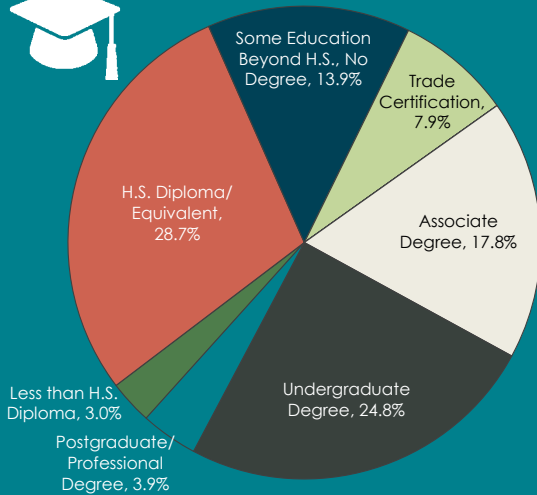
The employed are willing to commute an average of—



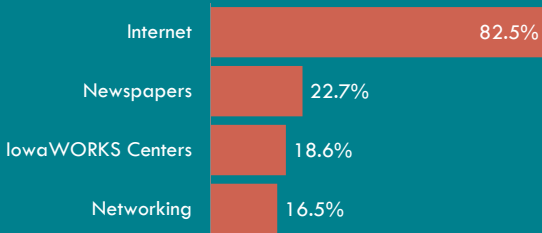
EMPLOYED: LIKELY TO CHANGE

- An estimated **21,769** employed individuals are likely to change their current employment situation for an opportunity in Charles City
- Current occupational categories:

Production, Construction, Material Moving	28.9%
Professional, Paraprofessional, Technical	28.9%
Service	13.4%
Clerical	12.4%
Managerial	8.2%
Sales	6.2%
Agricultural	2.0%
- Current median wages: \$
 - \$14.00/hour and \$41,500/year
 - \$18.00/hour - attracts 66%
 - \$20.00/hour - attracts 75%
- 68.3% have an education beyond HS



- **29.0% are actively seeking employment**
- Most frequently identified job search resources:



- Top sites:



- Top newspapers:

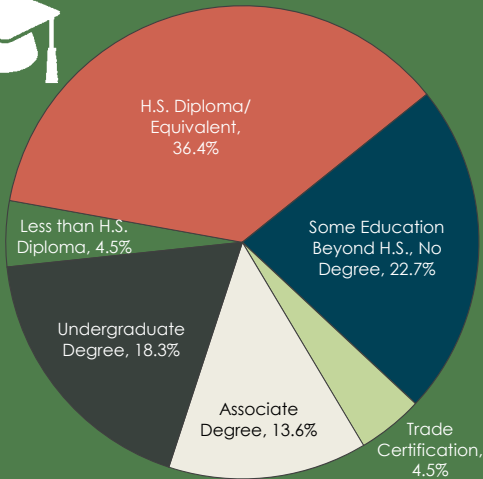


- Commute:
 - Currently commuting an average of **9 miles/13 minutes** (one-way) to work
 - Willing to commute an average of **24 miles/33 minutes** (one-way) to work

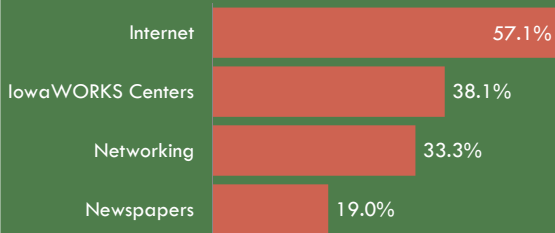
UNEMPLOYED: LIKELY TO ACCEPT

- An estimated **982** unemployed individuals are likely to accept employment in Charles City
- Former occupational categories:

Production, Construction, Material Moving	33.3%
Service	28.6%
Clerical	14.3%
Professional, Paraprofessional, Technical	9.5%
Sales	9.5%
Managerial	4.8%
Agricultural	0.0%
- Median wages: \$
 - \$12.00/hour - lowest willing to accept
 - \$15.00/hour - attracts 66%
 - \$17.00/hour - attracts 75%
- 59.1% have an education beyond HS



- **45.5% are actively seeking employment**
- Most frequently identified job search resources:



- Top sites:



- Top newspapers:



- Commute:
 - Willing to commute an average of **21 miles/36 minutes** (one-way) to work



The Laborshed survey collects information regarding the **out commute** for an employment center.

The **out commute** for Charles City is estimated at 22.3 percent—approximately **1,680** people living in Charles City work in other communities.

Most of those who are out commuting are working in New Hampton, Osage, & Mason City.

Nearly one-fifth (19.0%) of out commuters are likely to change employment (approximately 319 people).

71.4% earn an hourly wage—median wage is **\$15.00/hour**



EDUCATION OF AVAILABLE LABOR BY INDUSTRY OF CURRENT OR FORMER EMPLOYMENT

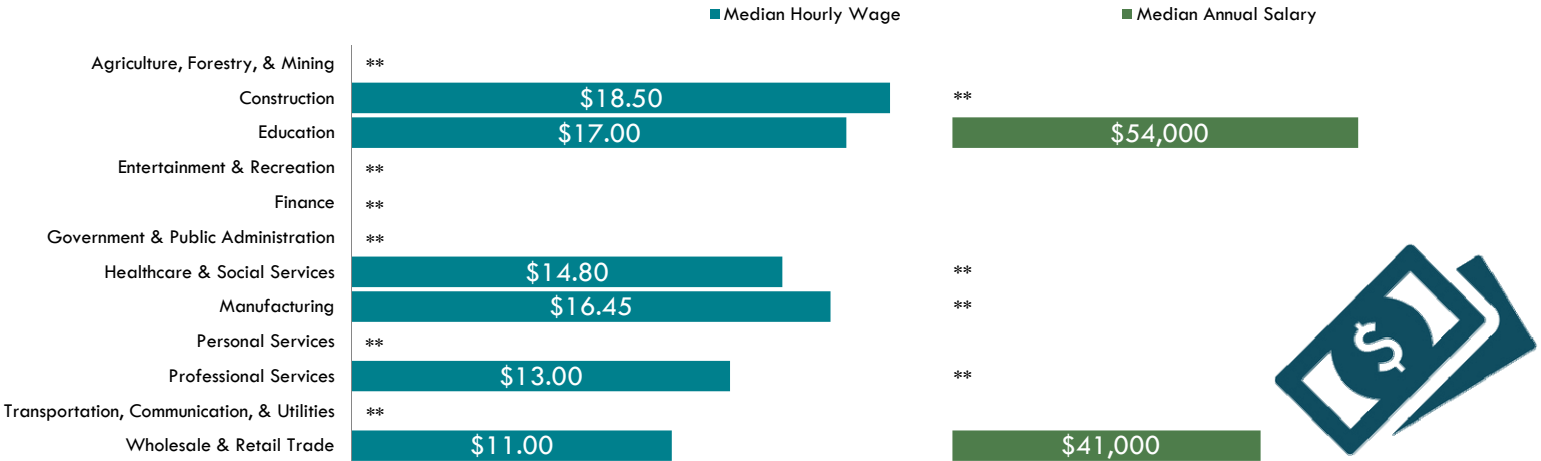
Data on this page is specific to only those survey respondents that reported they are likely to change or accept employment.



Industry	Education Beyond HS	Some Education Beyond HS, No Degree Obtained	Trade Certification/ Vocational Training	Associate Degree	Undergraduate Degree or Above
Agriculture, Forestry, & Mining	**	**	**	**	**
Construction	57.1%	28.5%	14.3%	14.3%	0.0%
Education	78.6%	14.4%	7.1%	7.1%	50.0%
Entertainment & Recreation	**	**	**	**	**
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	**	**	**	**	**
Government & Public Administration	**	**	**	**	**
Healthcare & Social Services	84.6%	3.8%	7.7%	38.5%	34.6%
Manufacturing	45.8%	8.3%	4.2%	8.3%	25.0%
Personal Services	**	**	**	**	**
Professional Services	80.0%	10.0%	0.0%	40.0%	30.0%
Transportation, Communication, & Utilities	57.1%	14.2%	14.3%	14.3%	14.3%
Wholesale & Retail Trade	42.9%	28.5%	2.9%	2.9%	8.6%

Top percentages among industries per education level are highlighted in the table.

WAGES OF AVAILABLE LABOR BY INDUSTRY OF CURRENT OR FORMER EMPLOYMENT



**Insufficient survey data/refused. A lack of data for a particular industry is not necessarily indicative that there were no (or few) individuals surveyed within that industry. Rather, it may be that there simply were no respondents within that industry that also reported that they are likely to change or accept employment.

Note: A wide variety of occupations are included within these industry categories. Industry classification is based upon the respondent's reported current or former employer. Two respondents that work for a manufacturer will be classified within the manufacturing industry even if, for example, one respondent is a custodian and the other is an accountant.

UNDEREMPLOYMENT

The underemployed are working fewer than 35 hours per week but desire more hours (**inadequate hours**); in positions that do not meet their skill or education level, or have worked for higher wages at previous employment (**mismatch of skills**); or are earning wages equal to or less than the national poverty level and work 35 or more hours per week (**low income**).

	Percent Surveyed	Estimated Total		Percent Surveyed	Estimated Total
Inadequate Hours	2.0%	435	Mismatch of Skills	4.4%	958
Low Income	0.2%	44	Σ †Total	5.9%	1,284

†Individuals may be underemployed for more than one reason but are counted only once for total estimated underemployment.

Note: To be counted as underemployed in any category an individual must be currently employed and likely to change their current employment situation.

